## Michigan Deptartment of Treasury 496 (2-04) Auditing Procedures Report

Issued under P.A.	2 of 1968,	as amend	led.							
Local Governmen	t Type Townsh	ip 🗍	Village Other	Local Governme		nip		Count	y eola	
Audit Date 3/31/06			Opinion Date <b>6/15/06</b>		Date Accou	ntant Report Submit				
accordance w	ith the ments f	Stateme	I statements of this ents of the Governr ties and Local Units	mental Accou	inting Star	ndards Board (	GASB) and the	ne <i>Uniform</i>	Repo	
		l with th	e Bulletin for the Au	dits of Local I	Inits of Go	vomment in Mic	shigan as rovis	ad		
	·		countants registered			verririent iir iviic	ingan as revisi	au.		
	-		. "Yes" responses ha	·	_	o financial state	monto includi	na tha nata	or in	the report of
comments and				ave been disc	iosea iii tr	e illianciai state	anients, incidai	ng the note:	5, 01 11	tine report of
You must chec	k the ap	plicable	box for each item be	elow.						
☐ Yes 🗸	No 1	. Certa	in component units/f	funds/agencie	s of the lo	cal unit are excl	uded from the	financial st	ateme	ents.
☐ Yes 🗸	No 2		e are accumulated d f 1980).	leficits in one	or more	of this unit's un	reserved fund	balances/re	tained	d earnings (P.A.
✓ Yes	No 3	. There	e are instances of r	non-complianc	ce with the	Uniform Acco	ounting and Bu	udgeting Ac	t (P.A	v. 2 of 1968, as
☐ Yes 🗸	No 4		ocal unit has violat ements, or an order					the Municip	al Fir	nance Act or its
☐ Yes 🗸	No 5		ocal unit holds depo nended [MCL 129.91					requireme	nts. (F	<sup>2</sup> .A. 20 of 1943,
☐ Yes 🗸	No 6	. The lo	ocal unit has been de	elinquent in di	stributing	tax revenues tha	at were collecte	ed for anoth	er tax	king unit.
☐ Yes 🗸	No 7	. pensi	ocal unit has violate on benefits (normal s are more than the	costs) in the	current ye	ear. If the plan	is more than 1	00% funde	d and	the overfunding
Yes 🗸	No 8		ocal unit uses cred 129.241).	it cards and	has not a	dopted an appl	licable policy a	as required	by P.	.A. 266 of 1995
Yes ✓	No 9	. The lo	ocal unit has not ado	pted an inves	stment poli	cy as required b	oy P.A. 196 of	1997 (MCL	129.95	5).
We have encl	osed th	e follov	ving:				Enclosed	To Be Forward		Not Required
The letter of co	omment	s and re	ecommendations.				✓			
Reports on inc	lividual 1	federal t	financial assistance	programs (pro	gram aud	its).				✓
Single Audit R	eports (	ASLGU	).							✓
Certified Public Ac										
Baird, Cotto Street Address			μ, ۲.υ.			City		State	ZIP.	
134 W. Har		et		*****		Cadillac		MI	496	301
Accountant Signal			(6)	Cl	4			Date 7/2	7/	/ 06

## $\frac{\text{ROSE LAKE TOWNSHIP, OSCEOLA COUNTY}}{\text{LEROY, MICHIGAN}}$

#### MARCH 31, 2006

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## Baird, Cotter and Bishop, P.C.

#### CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

June 15, 2006

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Township Board Rose Lake Township Osceola County LeRoy, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Rose Lake Township, Osceola County, LeRoy, Michigan as of and for the year ended March 31, 2006, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Township's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Rose Lake Township, Osceola County, LeRoy, Michigan as of March 31, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As described in Note I, the Township has implemented a new financial reporting model as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments as of April 1, 2004.

The management's discussion and analysis on pages iii through viii and budgetary comparison information on pages 21 and 22 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Rose Lake Township, Osceola County, LeRoy, Michigan's basic financial statements. The individual fund financial statements and other supplementary information are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

BAIRD, COTTER AND BISHOP, P.C.

Baird, Cotte & Bishop, P.C.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2006

Rose Lake Township, a general law township located in Osceola County has implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 34 (GASB 34). The Management's Discussion and Analysis, a requirement of GASB 34, is intended to be the Rose Lake Township board's discussion and analysis of the financial results for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2006.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- ♦ The assets of the Township exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$318,245. Of this amount, \$176,458 may be used to meet the township's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- ◆ As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Township's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$219,818. An increase of \$4,416 from the prior year.
- ♦ The Township is not obligated under any long-term debt as of March 31, 2006.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Township's basic financial statements. The Township's basic financial statements are comprised of three components. 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements, required by GASB 34, are new and being shown for the first time in 2006 for Rose Lake Township. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Township's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. These statements are calculated using full accrual accounting and more closely represent those presented by business and industry. The entire Township's assets and liabilities, both short and long-term, are reported. As such, these statements include capital assets, net of related depreciation.

The *Statement of Net Assets* presents information on all of the Township's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Township is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the Township's net assets changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in the future fiscal periods.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2006

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Township's that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities).

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund level statements are reported on a modified accrual basis in that only those assets that are "measurable" and "currently available" are reported. Liabilities are recognized to the extent they are normally expected to be paid with current financial resources.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, government fund financial statements focus on current sources and uses of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statement, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental fund statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

**Proprietary Funds** – Proprietary funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Township does not maintain any proprietary funds

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements, this report further presents Required Supplementary Information (RSI) that explains and supports the information presented in the financial statements.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

The Statement of Net Assets is the first statement in the Government-Wide Financial Statements section of this document. This statement is useful for providing an indicator of the Township's financial position over

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2006

time. The Net Assets of the Township are \$318,245 at March 31, 2006, meaning the Township's assets were greater than its liabilities by this amount.

#### Rose Lake Township Net Assets as of March 31, 2006

	Governmental Activities			
Assets				
Current Assets	\$ 233,844			
Non Current Assets				
Capital Assets	113,651			
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	15,224			
Total Non Current Assets	98,427			
Total Assets	\$ 332,271			
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities	\$ 14,026			
Net Assets				
Invested in Capital Assets	98,427			
Restricted for Specific Purposes	43,360			
Unrestricted	176,458			
Total Net Assets	318,245			
<b>Total Liabilities and Net Assets</b>	\$ 332,271			

The most significant portions of the Township's Net Assets are cash and investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, equipment, infrastructure, and others). The Township has \$176,458 in unrestricted Net Assets. These assets represent resources that are available for appropriation, but are limited by Township policies regarding their use.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Township is able to report positive balances in all categories of net assets for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental activities.

The following table illustrates and summarizes the results of the changes in the net assets for the Township. The condensed information was derived from the government-wide Statement of Activities.

## $\frac{\text{ROSE LAKE TOWNSHIP, OSCEOLA COUNTY}}{\text{LEROY, MICHIGAN}}$

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2006

#### Rose Lake Township Change in Net Assets For Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2006

	Governmental Activities
Revenues	
Program Revenues	
Charges for Services	\$ 17,076
Operating Grants and Contributions	33,976
Capital Grants and Contributions	8,321
General Revenues	
Taxes	124,006
State Grants	84,437
Interest Earnings	4,309
Other	474_
<b>Total Revenues</b>	272,599
Expenses	
Legislative	14,212
General Government	81,978
Public Safety	95,155
Public Works	13,703
Recreation and Culture	17,140
Other Functions	10,429
<b>Total Expenses</b>	232,617
Change in Net Assets	39,982
NET ASSETS - Beginning of Year	278,263
NET ASSETS - End of Year	\$ 318,245

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2006

#### **Governmental Activities**

During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2006, the Township's net assets increased by \$39,982 in the governmental funds. The majority of this increase represents the degree to which increases in ongoing revenues have outstripped similar increases in ongoing expenses. This is true despite the fact that GASB 34 now requires the Township to maintain a record of annual depreciation expense and the accumulation of depreciation expense over time. The net increase in accumulated depreciation expense is a reduction in net assets.

The most significant portion of the revenue for all governmental activities of Rose Lake Township comes from property taxes. The Township levied 0.8531 mills for operating purposes, and 2.2000 mills for fire protection.

State shared revenue is collected by the State of Michigan and distributed to local governments by formula allocation of portions of the State sales tax.

The Township's governmental activities expenses are dominated by Public Safety expenses that total \$95,155. General Government represented the next largest expense at \$81,978 of total expenses. Depreciation expense added another \$3,784.

#### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

Governmental Funds The focus of Rose Lake Township's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Township's financing requirement. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, Rose Lake Township's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$219,818. Of this total amount \$176,458 constitutes unreserved fund balance. The remainder of the fund balance is reserved for specific purposes and is therefore not available for new appropriation. For example, the fund balance that is reserved for road improvement must be used for expenditures that relate to road improvement.

**General Fund** – The General Fund increased its fund balance by \$2,933 which brings the fund balance to \$176,458. The General Fund's fund balance is unreserved. Property taxes amounted to \$37,782. State grants were collected in the amount of \$92,758.

**Fire Fund** – The Fire Fund's fund balance did not change. This balance is reserved and must be used for fire protection.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2006

The Township levied a fire millage on the 2005 tax roll. This resulted in \$86,224 in tax related revenues during the current fiscal year.

**Cemetery Fund** – The Cemetery Fund decreased its fund balance by \$912 which brings its fund balance to \$6,235. This balance is reserved for cemetery improvements and cemetery perpetual care.

**Rose Lake Improvement Fund** – The Rose Lake Improvement Fund increased its fund balance by \$5,309 which brings the fund balance to \$27,666. This balance is reserved for lake improvement.

**McCoy Lake Road Improvement Fund** – The McCoy Lake Road Improvement Fund decreased its fund balance by \$217. This balance is reserved for road improvement.

**South Hogback Lake Road Improvement Fund** – The South Hogback Lake Road Improvement Fund decreased its fund balance by \$4,411 which brings its fund balance to \$6,693. This balance is reserved for road improvement.

**North Hogback Lake Road Improvement Fund** – The North Hogback Lake Road Improvement Fund increased its fund balance by \$1,714. This balance is reserved for road improvement.

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

**Capital Assets.** The Township's investment in capital assets for governmental activities as of March 31, 2006 amounted to \$98,427 net of accumulated depreciation.

Capital assets summarized below include any items purchased with a cost greater than \$1,000 individually and that have a useful life greater than one year. A summary of capital asset categories is illustrated below:

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2006

#### Rose Lake Township Capital Assets as of March 31, 2006

	Governmental Activities					
Land and Land Improvements	\$	17,937				
Building Improvements		41,220				
Equipment		11,366				
Public Domain Infrastructure		43,128				
		113,651				
Less Accumulated Depreciation		15,224				
Net Capital Assets	\$	98,427				

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- ♦ Purchased gravel at a cost of \$34,350 for 16 Mile Road (130<sup>th</sup> 140<sup>th</sup> Avenue) 130<sup>th</sup> Avenue (15 16 Mile Road), and 150<sup>th</sup> Avenue (15 16 Mile Road).
- Received a voting machine through a state grant with a cost of \$5,000.

**Long-Term Debt.** Rose Lake Township has no obligation for any long-term debt as of March 31, 2006.

#### **Economic Condition and Outlook**

The unemployment rate is still high in the State of Michigan and the State's shortfall in the budget means potential further reductions in state-shared revenues.

These factors were considered in preparing the Township's budgets for the 2006-07 fiscal year.

#### **Request for Information**

The financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Township's finances and to demonstrate the Township's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need any additional information, contact Rose Lake Township at 4949 W. 16 Mile Road, LeRoy, Michigan 49655.

#### STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS MARCH 31, 2006

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
<u>ASSETS</u>	
CURRENT ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 190,667
Receivables:	
Taxes	13,702
Special Assessments	2,847
Due from Other Governments	20,275
External Parties (Fiduciary Fund)	6,353
Total Current Assets	233,844
<u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>	
Land	7,632
Land Improvements	10,305
Building Improvements	41,220
Equipment	11,366
Public Domain Infrastructure	43,128
	113,651
Less Accumulated Depreciation	15,224
Net Capital Assets	98,427
TOTAL ASSETS	332,271
LIABILITIES	
CURRENT LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	4,143
Due to Other Governments	9,883
Total Current Liabilities	14,026
NET ASSETS	
Invested in Capital Assets	98,427
Restricted for:	,
Cemetery	6,035
Cemetery Perpetual Care	200
Fire Protection	100
Lake Improvement	27,666
Road Improvement	9,359
Unrestricted	176,458
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 318,245

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2006

				F		FRAM REVENUE	ES	CAPITAL	R AN	(EXPENSES) EVENUES ID CHANGE NET ASSETS TOTAL
			CI	HARGES FOR		RANTS AND	C	GRANTS AND	GOV	ERNMENTAL
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	EX	PENSES		SERVICES	CO	NTRIBUTIONS	CO	NTRIBUTIONS	A	CTIVITIES
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES										
Legislative	\$	14,212	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	(14,212)
General Government		81,978		11,968		3,750		5,000		(61,260)
Public Safety		95,155		5,108		0		0		(90,047)
Public Works		13,703		0		10,300		3,321		(82)
Recreation and Cultural		17,140		0		19,926		0		2,786
Other Functions		10,429		0		0		0		(10,429)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	232,617	\$	17,076	\$	33,976	\$	8,321		(173,244)
		NERAL RE	VEN	<u>IUES</u>						
		axes								124,006
		ate Grants								84,437
		terest Earni	ngs							4,309
	_	ther	1.0							474
		Total Gene	rai K	levenues						213,226
	Cha	nge in Net	Asse	ts						39,982
	NET	TASSETS -	Beg	ginning of Year						278,263
	<u>NET</u>	TASSETS -	Enc	l of Year					\$	318,245

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

## BALANCE SHEET MARCH 31, 2006

ASSETS_	ENERAL FUND	FIR	RE FUND	METERY FUND
Cash	\$ 142,045	\$	109	\$ 6,235
Taxes Receivable	3,828		9,874	0
Special Assessment Receivable	0		0	0
Due from Other Governments	20,275		0	0
Due from Other Funds	 14,453		0	0
Total Assets	\$ 180,601	\$	9,983	\$ 6,235
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Due to Other Governments Due to Other Funds Total Liabilities	\$ 4,143 0 0 4,143	\$	0 9,883 0 9,883	\$ 0 0 0
FUND BALANCE Reserved for:				
Cemetery	0		0	6,035
Cemetery Perpetual Care	0		0	200
Fire Protection	0		100	0
Lake Improvement	0		0	0
Road Improvement	0		0	0
Unreserved				
Undesignated	176,458		0	0
Total Fund Balance	 176,458		100	6,235
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND	 			
FUND BALANCE	\$ 180,601	\$	9,983	\$ 6,235

ROSE LAKE IMPROVEMENT FUND		MCCOY LAKE ROAD IMPROVEMENT FUND		HOGBACK LAKE ROAD IMPROVEMENT FUND		GBACK LAKE ROAD PROVEMENT FUND	TOTALS	
\$	27,294	\$	802	\$ 4,793	\$	9,389	\$	190,667
	0		0	0		0		13,702
	372		150	1,900		425		2,847
	0		0	0		0		20,275
	0		0	0		0		14,453
\$	27,666	\$	952	\$ 6,693	\$	9,814	\$	241,944
\$	0	\$	0	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	4,143
	0		0	0		0		9,883
	0		0	0		8,100		8,100
	0		0	0		8,100		22,126
	0		0	0		0		6,035
	0		0	0		0		200
	0		0	0		0		100
	27,666		0	0		0		27,666
	0		952	6,693		1,714		9,359
	0		0	0		0		176,458
	27,666		952	6,693		1,714		219,818
\$	27,666	\$	952	\$ 6,693	\$	9,814	\$	241,944

SOUTH

NORTH

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

## RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS MARCH 31, 2006

Total Fund Balances for Governmental Funds		\$ 219,818
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Assets are Different Because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not		
financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Land	\$ 7,632	
Land Improvements	10,305	
Building Improvements	41,220	
Equipment	11,366	
Public Domain Infrastructure	43,128	
Accumulated Depreciation	(15,224)	98,427
NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		\$ 318,245

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2006

	ENERAL FUND	FI	RE FUND	C	EMETERY FUND
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$ 37,782	\$	86,224	\$	0
Licenses and Permits	5,108		0		0
State Grants	92,758		0		0
Contributions from Local Units	0		0		3,750
Charges for Services	6,638		2,755		2,250
Interest and Rents	4,476		40		11
Other Revenues	 474		0		0
Total Revenues	 147,236		89,019		6,011
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>					
Legislative	14,212		0		0
General Government	75,426		0		8,173
Public Safety	6,136		89,019		0
Public Works	34,350		0		0
Recreation and Culture	2,500		0		0
Other Functions	 10,429		0		0
Total Expenditures	 143,053		89,019		8,173
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	 4,183		0		(2,162)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfer In	0		0		1,250
Transfer Out	 (1,250)		0		0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,250)		0		1,250
Net Change in Fund Balance	2,933		0		(912)
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year	 173,525		100		7,147
FUND BALANCE - End of Year	\$ 176,458	\$	100	\$	6,235

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

IMPRO	E LAKE VEMENT UND	MCCOY LAKE ROAD IMPROVEMENT FUND	SOUTH HOGBACK LAKE ROAD IMPROVEMENT FUND	NORTH HOGBACK LAKE ROAD IMPROVEMENT FUND	,	TOTALS
\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$	124,006
Ψ	0	0	0	0	Ψ	5,108
	0	0	0	0		92,758
	0	0	0	0		3,750
	0	0	0	0		11,643
	23	7	72	5		4,634
	19,926	900	7,600	1,800		30,700
	19,949	907	7,672	1,805		272,599
	0	0	0	0		14,212
	0	0	0	0		83,599
	0	0	0	0		95,155
	0	1,124	12,083	91		47,648
	14,640	0	0	0		17,140
	0	0	0	0		10,429
	14,640	1,124	12,083	91		268,183
	5,309	(217)	(4,411)	1,714		4,416
	0	0	0	0		1,250
	0	0	0	0		(1,250)
	0	0	0	0		0
	5,309	(217)	(4,411)	1,714		4,416
	22,357	1,169	11,104	0		215,402
\$	27,666	\$ 952	\$ 6,693	\$ 1,714	\$	219,818

## $\frac{\text{ROSE LAKE TOWNSHIP, OSCEOLA TOWNSHIP}}{\text{LEROY, MICHIGAN}}$

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

## RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES MARCH 31, 2006

Net change in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 4,416
Amounts reported for governmental activities are different because:  Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures in the statement of	
activities. These costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as	
depreciation.	
Depreciation Expense	(3,784)
Capital Outlay	 39,350
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 39.982

#### STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES MARCH 31, 2006

ACCETC	AGENO	CY FUNDS
ASSETS Cash	\$	6,353
LIABILITIES		
Due to General Fund	\$	6,353

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2006

#### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Reporting Entity

Rose Lake Township is a general law township located in Osceola County which operates under the direction of an elected township board. Under the criteria established by accounting generally accepted in the United States of America, the Township has determined that there are no component units which should be included in its reporting entity.

#### **B.** Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

During fiscal year 2005, the Township adopted GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments*, as amended by GASB Statements No. 37 and No. 38, and applied those standards on a retroactive basis. GASB Statement No. 34 establishes standards for external financial reporting for state and local governments and requires that resources be classified for accounting and reporting purposes into the following three net asset categories.

Invested in Capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes, and other debt that are attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net assets result when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, and contributions, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net assets consist of net assets which do not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the Township as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period. The fund financial statements are similar to the financial statements presented in the previous financial reporting model.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2006

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, licenses, interest and special assessments associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessment receivables due within the current period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. Sales taxes collected and held by the state at year end on behalf of the government are also recognized as revenue. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Entitlements and shared revenues are recorded at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met.

The accounts of the Township are organized on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds are maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

Rose Lake Township reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Fire Fund* accounts for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditure for fire protection.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2006

The *Cemetery Fund* accounts for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for cemetery improvements. Included in the Cemetery Fund money market account is \$200 which was donated to the Township for cemetery perpetual care. The interest on this amount is to be used for cemetery upkeep. The \$200 is not available to meet expenses.

The Rose Lake Improvement Fund is a special assessment district established for the purpose of improving Rose Lake. This fund is used to account for all of the revenues and expenditures relating to Rose Lake.

The *McCoy Lake Road Improvement Fund* is a special assessment district established in 2000 for a period of five years. This fund will assess property owners on certain roads around McCoy Lake to pay for improvements to those roads.

The *South Hogback Lake Road Improvement Fund* is a special assessment district established in 2001 for a period of five years. This fund will assess property owners on certain roads around South Hogback Lake to pay for improvements to those roads.

The *North Hogback Lake Road Improvement Fund* is a special assessment district established in 2005 for a period of five years. This fund will assess property owners on certain roads around North Hogback Lake to pay for improvements to those roads.

Additionally, Rose Lake Township reports the following fund types:

Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. Agency funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. These funds are used to account for assets that the Township holds for others in an agency capacity.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions involved. Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Township's policy to use the restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### D. Assets, Liabilities and Equity

#### 1. Deposits and Investments

The Township's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2006

The Investment Policy adopted by the Township states that the Township Treasurer is limited to investments authorized by Act 20 of 1943, as amended, and may invest in the following:

- a. Bonds, securities, and other obligations of the United States or an agency or instrumentality of the United States.
- b. Certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts, or depository of a financial institution. Authorized depositories shall be designated by the Rose Lake Township Board of at the Board's organizational meeting after each regular election of board members.
- c. Commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the 2 highest classifications established by not less than 2 standard rating services and that matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.
- d. Repurchase agreements consisting of instruments listed in (a).
- e. Bankers' acceptances of United States banks.
- f. Obligations of this state or any of its political subdivisions that at the time of purchase are rated investment grade by not less than 1 standard rating service.
- g. Mutual funds registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, Title I of chapter 686, 54 Stat. 789, 15 U.S.C. 80a-1 to 80a-3 and 80a-4 to 80a-64, with authority to purchase only investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by the Township. This authorization is limited to securities whose intention is to maintain a new asset value of \$1.00 per share.
- h Investment pools through an interlocal agreement under the Urban Cooperation Act of 1967, 1967 (Ex Sess) PA 7, MCL 124.501 to 124.512.
- i Investment pools organized under the Surplus Funds Investment Pool Act, 1982 PA 367, 129.111 to 129.118.

#### 2. Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on the property as of the date they are levied. State education taxes and one-third of county taxes are levied and due July 1, and become delinquent after September 15. The remaining millages are levied and due December 1, and become delinquent after February 14. Collections of taxes and remittances of them are accounted for in the Current Tax

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2006

Collection Fund. Township property tax revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available for use to finance Township operations. Amounts which are not expected to be collected within sixty days are treated as deferred revenues.

The 2005 taxable valuation of Rose Lake Township totaled \$40,705,581, on which ad valorem taxes levied consisted of 0.8531 mills for Rose Lake Township operating purposes and 2.2000 mills for fire protection (only assessed on real property). The levy raised approximately \$34,754 for operating purposes and \$86,395 for fire protection.

#### 3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are not significant and are expensed as acquired.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

#### 4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the government are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>ASSETS</u>	<u>YEARS</u>
Buildings	50
Building Improvements	20
Land Improvements	20
Public Domain Infrastructure	50
Vehicles	10
Equipment and Furniture	5-10

Rose Lake Township qualifies as a phase 3 governmental unit in regards to the implementation of GASB 34. Phase 3 governmental units are not required to retroactively capitalize infrastructure. As a result, the Township began to capitalize and depreciate infrastructure beginning April 1, 2004, in accordance with the Township's capitalization policy.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2006

#### 5. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### 6. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

#### 7. Use of Estimates

The presentation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### A. Budgetary Information

The annual budget is adopted on the modified accrual basis in accordance with the requirements of Michigan Public Act 621 of 1978 "The Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act". A public hearing is held to obtain taxpayer comments. Appropriations lapse at year end. Budget amounts are as originally adopted on March 1, 2005, or as amended by the Township Board from time to time throughout the year.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund and activity. The Township Board exercises budgetary control over expenditures.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not employed by the Township because it is, at present, not considered necessary to assure effective budgetary control or to facilitate effective cash planning and control.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2006

#### B. Funds with expenditures in excess of appropriations were as follows:

	APPRO	PRIATIONS	I	EXPENDITURES
Special Revenue Funds				
South Hogback Lake Road Improvement Fund				
Public Works				
Highways, Streets, Bridges	\$	11,151	\$	12,083

These overages were funded by available fund balance.

#### III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

#### A. Deposits and Investments

The Township's deposits are all on deposit with Citizens Bank in Leroy, Michigan, and Lake – Osceola State Bank in Tustin, Michigan.

Investment rate risk. The Township will minimize Interest Rate Risk, which is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in market interest rates, by; structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the open market; and investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, liquid asset funds, money market mutual funds, or similar investing pools and limiting the average maturity in accordance with the Township's cash requirement.

Foreign currency risk. The Township is not authorized to invest in investments, which have this type of risk.

Credit risk. The Township will minimize Custodial Credit Risk, which is the risk of loss due to the failure of the security issuer or backer, by; limiting investments to the types of securities listed in the Township's investment policy; and pre-qualifying the financial institutions, brokers/dealer, intermediaries and advisors with which the Township will do business in accordance with the Township's investment policy.

Concentration of credit risk. The Township will minimize Concentration of Credit Risk, which is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Township's investment in a single issuer, by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized.

Custodial credit risk – deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. As of March 31, 2006, \$14,694 of the government's bank balance of \$195,560 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Custodial credit risk – investments. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Township's investments are categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the Township at year end. Category 1 includes

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2006

investments that are insured or registered, or securities held by the Township or the Township's agent in the Township's name. Category 2 includes investments that are uninsured and unregistered with securities held by the counterparty's trust department or its agent in the Township's name. Category 3 includes investments that are uninsured and unregistered, with the securities held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or its agent but not in the Township's name. At year end, the Township held no investments.

#### **B.** Receivables

Receivables as of year end for the government's individual major funds are presented on the statement of net assets.

The allowance for doubtful accounts is not considered to be material for disclosure. As a result, its uncollectible accounts are virtually nil.

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

No deferred revenue was recorded in any of the funds at the end of the current fiscal year.

#### C. Capital Assets

**Primary Government** 

•	Beginning					Ending		
	Balance Increase		ncrease	Decreases		Balance		
Capital assets, not being depreciated								
Land	\$	7,632	\$	0	\$	0	\$	7,632
Capital assets, being depreciated								
Building Improvements		41,220		0		0		41,220
Land Improvements		10,305		0		0		10,305
Equipment		6,366		5,000		0		11,366
Public Domain Infrastructure		8,778		34,350		0		43,128
Total capital assets, being depreciated		66,669		39,350		0		106,019
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Building Improvements		6,350		2,061		0		8,411
Land Improvements		1,916		515		0		2,431
Equipment		3,130		803		0		3,933
Public Domain Infrastructure		44		405		0		449
Total accumulated depreciation		11,440		3,784		0		15,224
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		55,229		35,566		0		90,795
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	62,861	\$	35,566	\$	0	\$	98,427

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2006

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental	activities.
Oovermilentar	activities.

General Government	\$	3,379
Public Works	_	405
	\$	3,784

#### **Construction Commitments:**

The government has no outstanding construction commitments as of March 31, 2006.

#### D. Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

Individual fund interfund receivable and payable balances at March 31, 2006, were:

	IN	TERFUND	INTERFUND
	REG	CEIVABLES	<b>PAYABLES</b>
<u>Fund</u>	DU	JE FROM'S	DUE TO'S
General Fund	\$	14,453	\$ 0
Special Revenue Funds			
North Hogback Lake Road Improvement Fund		0	8,100
Fiduciary Funds			
Current Tax Collection Fund		0	6,353
			_
	\$	14,453	\$ 14,453

All remaining balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made. All are expected to be resolved within one year.

Interfund Transfers as of March 31, 2006 were:

		TRANSFERS					
		IN OUT					
Primary Government							
General Fund	\$	0	\$	1,250			
Cemetery Fund	_	1,250		0			
	\$_	1,250	\$	1,250			

Transfers are used (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2006

#### E. Long-Term Debt

At March 31, 2006, the Township was not obligated for any long-term debt.

#### F. Fund Balance Reserves

In order to comply with generally accepted accounting principles and meet certain legal requirements, the Township has reserved fund balances in various funds. These reserves are detailed in the following schedule:

#### **FUN**

FUND BALANCE/NET ASSETS	
Reserved	
Special Revenue Funds	
Fire Fund	
Fire Protection	\$ 100
Cemetery Fund	
Cemetery	6,035
Cemetery Perpetual Care	200
Rose Lake Improvement Fund	
Lake Improvement	27,666
McCoy Lake Road Improvement Fund	
Road Improvement	952
South Hogback Lake Road Improvement Fund	
Road Improvement	6,693
North Hogback Lake Road Improvement Fund	
Road Improvement	 1,714
Total Fund Balance/Net Assets	\$ 43,360

#### IV. OTHER INFORMATION

#### A. Risk Management

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The Township participates in a pool of municipalities within the State of Michigan for self-insuring property and casualty, crime, general liability, workers compensation insurance and errors and omissions insurance. The Township pays annual premiums to the pool for the respective insurance coverage. In the event the pool's total claims and expenses for a policy year exceed the total normal annual premiums for said years, all members of the specific pool's policy year may be subject to special assessments to make up the deficiency. The Township has not been informed of any special assessments being required for the current year or the three prior years.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2006

The Township continues to carry insurance for other risks of loss, including fidelity bonds.

#### **B.** Joint Fire District

The Township is a member of the Leroy-Rose Lake Fire District. The Fire District is a joint venture of Leroy Township, Rose Lake Township and the Village of Leroy created to provide fire protection for the member units. Rose Lake Township levies 2.2000 mills to support the Fire District. The following financial information was taken from the Fire District's February 29, 2004 audited financial statements:

Total Assets	\$ 769,095
Investment in Fixed Assets	624,460
Fund Balance – Unreserved	144,635
Total Receipts	188,495
Total Disbursements	94,476
Net Increase (Decrease) in Balance	50,616

A copy of these audited financial statements may be obtained upon request from the Fire District treasurer.

## BLOOMFIELD TOWNSHIP, MISSAUKEE COUNTY MANTON, MICHIGAN REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2006

	GE	ENERAL FUN	ND	FIRE FUND			CEMETERY FUND			
	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	
REVENUES	-									
Taxes	\$ 36,197	\$ 36,197	\$ 37,782	\$ 97,046	\$ 97,046	\$ 86,224	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	
Licenses and Permits	6,500	6,500	5,108	0	0	0	0	0	0	
State Grants	78,300	78,300	92,758	0	0	0			0	
Contributions from Local Units	0	0	0	0	0	0	6,250	6,250	3,750	
Charges for Services	5,725	5,725	6,638	5,000	5,000	2,755	6,500	6,500	2,250	
Interest and Rents	5,000	5,000	4,476	50	50	40	100	100	11	
Other Revenues	7,500	7,500	474	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	7,000	7,500								
Total Revenues	139,222	139,222	147,236	102,096	102,096	89,019	12,850	12,850	6,011	
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>										
Legislative										
Township Board	21,000	21,000	14,212	0	0	0	0	0	0	
General Government										
Supervisor	10,000	10,000	9,991	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Election	3,000	3,000	5,725	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Assessor	25,000	25,000	19,469	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Clerk	15,500	15,500	12,832	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Board of Review	3,500	3,500	75	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Treasurer	23,000	23,000	22,368	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Building and Grounds	4,000	4,000	2,280	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Cemetery	8,250	8,250	2,686	0	0	0	18,700	18,700	8,173	
Public Safety										
Fire Protection	0	0	0	102,096	102,096	89,019	0	0	0	
Building Inspection	7,500	7,500	6,136	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Public Works										
Highways, Streets, Bridges	35,000	35,000	34,350	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Recreation and Cultural										
Parks and Recreation	2,500	2,500	2,500	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Lake Improvement	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Other Functions										
Insurance and Bonds	14,000	14,000	5,089	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Employee Benefits	7,200	7,200	5,340	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Contingency	100,000	100,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total Expenditures	279,450	279,450	143,053	102,096	102,096	89,019	18,700	18,700	8,173	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
Over Expenditures	(140,228)	(140,228)	4,183	0	0	0	(5,850)	(5,850)	(2,162)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfer In	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,250	1,250	1,250	
Transfer Out	(1,250)	(1,250)	(1,250)	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,250)	(1,250)	(1,250)	0	0	0	1,250	1,250	1,250	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(141,478)	(141,478)	2,933	0	0	0	(4,600)	(4,600)	(912)	
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year	164,129	164,129	173,525	106	106	100	4,646	4,646	7,147	
FUND BALANCE - End of Year	\$ 22,651	\$ 22,651	\$ 176,458	\$ 106	\$ 106	\$ 100	\$ 46	\$ 46	\$ 6,235	

 ROSE LA	KE IMPROV FUND	PEMENT MCCOY LAKE ROAD SOUTH HOGBACK LAKE ROAD IMPROVEMENT FUND IMPROVEMENT FUND					NORTH HOGBACK LAKE ROAD IMPROVEMENT FUND				
RIGINAL UDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL
\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
100	100	23	20	20	7	50	50	72	20	20	5
 20,778	20,778	19,926	100	100	900	9,700	9,700	7,600	1,800	1,800	1,800
 20,878	20,878	19,949	120	120	907	9,750	9,750	7,672	1,820	1,820	1,805
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	1,189	1,189	1,124	11,151	11,151	12,083	200	200	91
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20,487	20,487	14,640	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
 2,000	2,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
 22,487	22,487	14,640	1,189	1,189	1,124	11,151	11,151	12,083	200	200	91
 (1,609)	(1,609)	5,309	(1,069)	(1,069)	(217)	(1,401)	(1,401)	(4,411)	1,620	1,620	1,714
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0
 U	U	U		0			U	0		U	U
 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
(1,609)	(1,609)	5,309	(1,069)	(1,069)	(217)	(1,401)	(1,401)	(4,411)	1,620	1,620	1,714
 21,349	21,349	22,357	1,069	1,069	1,169	9,001	9,001	11,104	0	0	0
\$ 19,740	\$ 19,740	\$ 27,666	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 952	\$ 7,600	\$ 7,600	\$ 6,693	\$ 1,620	\$ 1,620	\$ 1,714

#### **CURRENT TAX COLLECTION FUND**

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2006

	BA	LANCE					BA	LANCE
	4/1/2005		ADDITIONS		DEDUCTIONS		3/31/2006	
ASSETS	\$	6,123	\$	1,375,482	\$	1,375,252	\$	6,353
Cash	Ψ	0,123	Ψ	1,373,402	Ψ	1,373,232	Ψ	0,333
LIABILITIES								
Due to Other Funds		6,123		156,973		156,743		6,353
Due to Other Organizations and Individuals		0		5,010		5,010		0
Due to Other Governments		0		1,211,221		1,211,221		0
Total Liabilities	\$	6,123	\$	1,373,204	\$	1,372,974	\$	6,353

## $\frac{\text{ROSE LAKE TOWNSHIP, OSCEOLA COUNTY}}{\text{LEROY, MICHIGAN}}$

## $\frac{\text{STATEMENT OF 2005 TAX ROLL}}{\text{MARCH 31, 2006}}$

TAXES ASSESSED			
County	\$	374,251	
County - State Education Tax	Ψ	244,037	
Township		,	
Operating		34,754	
Fire		86,395	
Special Assessments		30,226	
Schools		404 164	
Pine River Area Schools  Marion Public Schools		484,164 223	
		223	
Intermediate School		0.40.006	¢ 1 406 076
Wexford-Missaukee		242,926	\$ 1,496,976
TAXES COLLECTED			
County	\$	335,666	
County - State Education Tax		226,717	
Township			
Operating		30,851	
Fire		76,350	
Special Assessments		27,379	
Schools		,	
Pine River Area Schools		437,229	
Marion Public Schools		223	
Intermediate School			
Wexford-Missaukee		215,438	1,349,853
TAXES RETURNED DELINQUENT			
County	\$	38,585	
County - State Education Tax		17,320	
Township			
Operating		3,903	
Fire		10,045	
Special Assessments		2,847	
Schools		,	
Pine River Area Schools		46,935	
Marion Public Schools		0	
Intermediate School		V	
Wexford-Missaukee		27,488	\$ 147,123
TOTAL THIS BURE		27,100	Ψ 117,123

134 WEST HARRIS STREET CADILLAC, MICHIGAN 49601 231-775-9789 FAX: 231-775-9749

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## Baird, Cotter and Bishop, P.C.

#### CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

June 15, 2006

#### LETTER OF COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

To the Township Board Rose Lake Township Osceola County LeRoy, Michigan

During the course of our audit of the financial statements of Rose Lake Township for the year ended March 31, 2006, we noted the following items:

#### GASB 34

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued Statement 34 that provides for changes in reporting requirements for Township financial statements. For Rose Lake Township, these changes were first reported in the March 31, 2006 financial audit.

Some of the more significant changes required by GASB 34 are as follows:

- a) Management's discussion and analysis is a new section in the financial report. This includes the administration's narrative overview of the information contained in the financial statements.
- b) Several new types of financial statements are now included that report financial information on a Township-wide basis and incorporate capital assets and a provision for depreciation on those assets.

#### **Internal Control**

While we observed that bills are approved for payment by the Township Board, we did not observe evidence of approval for payment on the bills/invoices (source documents) themselves. We suggest that as a method of strengthening internal control, the Township consider having a board member such as Supervisor or Trustee sign or initial the source document as "approved" at the time the approval is made.

Another suggestion for strengthening internal control which we recommend is for all checks written from all funds, except the Tax Collection Fund, to require two signatures, and those invoices also go before the board for approval.

#### Mileage Reimbursement

The Township has a policy of reimbursing eligible miles at the current IRS rate. However, after January 1, 2006, the IRS lowered its standard mileage rate from 48.5 cents per mile to 44.5 cents per mile and the Township continued to reimburse at the higher rate. The Township should either receive a refund for the overpayment, or include the excess paid as additional compensation to the people who received the excess.

#### Payment to Support Local Organizations

The State law does not allow governmental entities to donate public funds. The Township should formalize its relationship in a written contract with the organization it hires to maintain ball fields for use by Township residents. Our understanding is that this has always been a fee for service arrangement, but never in writing, just verbal.

#### **Budgeting**

The budget was exceeded for election activities in the General Fund and highways, streets, bridges activity in South Hogback Lake Road Improvement Fund. One of the items resulted from not amending the budget to include revenue and expense for a state grant that the Township received to purchase election machines. Act 621 of the Public Acts of 1978 requires amending the budget prior to authorizing expenditures that would cause such overages.

We would like to thank the board for its continued confidence in our firm and to thank the Township clerk and treasurer for their cooperation.

If you have any questions relative to the above comments and recommendations or other areas of your annual accounting, please feel free to call on us.

BAIRD, COTTER AND BISHOP, P.C.

Baird, Cottle & Bishop, P.C.

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#### CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

June 15, 2006

#### LETTER OF REPORTABLE CONDITIONS

To the Township Board Rose Lake Township Osceola County LeRoy, Michigan

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Rose Lake Township, Osceola County, LeRoy, Michigan for the year ended March 31, 2006, we considered its internal control structure in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure. However, we noted certain matters that we consider to be reportable conditions under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control structure that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the organization's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements.

The relatively small number of people involved in the accounting functions of the Township and the design of the accounting system as developed by the state make it difficult to adequately segregate duties. Segregation of accounting duties is a fundamental method of strengthening internal control. However, in deciding what internal control procedures should be implemented, the Board must consider the costs of implementing them and weigh those costs against the benefits to be derived from their implementation.

A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control structure elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or irregularities in amounts that would be material to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

Our consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control structure that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses as defined above. However, we believe that the condition described above is a material weakness.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board and others within the organization. This restriction is not intended to limit the distribution of the report, which is a matter of public record.

BAIRD, COTTER AND BISHOP, P.C.

Baird, Cotte & Bishop, P.C